



## Inverter DC voltage measurement exceeds range

How to test a DC inverter? 1. Use the voltage range of the multimeter to measure the DC input voltage of the inverter. When the voltage is normal, the total voltage is the sum of the voltages of each component. 2. If there is no voltage, check the DC switch, terminal blocks, cable connectors, components, etc. in turn to see if they are normal. Why does a DC inverter report 'PV impedance is too low'? When it detects that the DC positive and negative poles have an impedance to the ground lower than 50k $\Omega$ , the inverter will report 'PV insulation impedance is too low fault' to prevent the human body from contacting the live part of the panel and the ground at the same time, causing the risk of electric shock. Why does my inverter keep resetting after switching off? Error 11 - Battery high ripple voltage High DC ripple is usually caused by loose DC cable connections and/or too thin DC wiring. After the inverter has switched off due to high DC ripple voltage, it waits 30 seconds and then restarts. What happens if an inverter is connected far away from a transformer? Therefore, when the inverter is connected to the power grid far away from the transformer, the grid working environment of the inverter will become very poor. After exceeding the upper limit of the inverter working voltage, the inverter will report a fault and stop working. What if the inverter is not connected to the grid? Inverter or Multi (not connected to the grid): The internal ground relay is activated but the voltage over the relay is too high. The relay might be damaged. Multi (connected to the grid): The ground wire in the installation is not present or not connected properly. Line and Neutral are swapped in the installation. This error will not auto-reset. Why is my inverter not detecting the voltage of the mains? Indicates that the mains is not connected or the AC circuit breaker is disconnected, causing the inverter to fail to detect the voltage of the mains. Solution 1. Determine whether the power grid is off. If the power grid is off, wait for the power grid to resume power supply. 2. Turn off the AC and DC switches, and check the input voltage. If the input voltage exceeds the upper limit, contact your vendor or technical support. Understanding High DC Bus Voltage in Inverters Jun 26, 2018; Some inverters will trip or issue an overvoltage fault if the DC bus exceeds a threshold (e.g., 800 V on a 400 V-class inverter). In multi-inverter systems sharing a DC bus, Common faults and solutions of inverters Nov 3, 2018; Check the parameters of the inverter, determine the input range of the DC voltage, and then measure whether the open circuit voltage of the string is within the allowable range of Growatt Dec 9, 2018; Fault cause: There are too many series-connected components in a single PV string, causing the voltage to exceed the PV voltage upper limit of the inverter Solution: Check the parameters of the SolarEdge Error Code 2xA0 (33, 34, 35): DC Jul 1, 2018; Reset the inverter: Turn off the inverter and disconnect it from the DC input. Wait for a few minutes before reconnecting and restarting the inverter to see if the fault clears. 6. Measure Voltage at Different Points At Inverter report over voltage and motor abnormal voltage measurement To measure the DC bus voltage, you can use a 47-type multimeter set to 1000V DC mode to measure the voltage across the DC bus. Most inverters are designed with an over-voltage 6. Troubleshooting and Support Jun 17, 2018; Internal DC voltage measurement error, is raised in case an internal (high-) voltage measurement does not match

